



DEMO

AVF FilmLook 5.2.6

Install & User Guide

Print film, film grain, halation, bloom, film damage, breath, gate weave, overscan and vignette in one OpenFX node for DaVinci Resolve, with false colour, a skin view and clipping indication.

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Welcome

Thank you for testing **AVF FilmLook**. This DEMO has every control of the full version. The only difference is a watermark: a grid of small plus signs over the picture, so renders from the DEMO can't be used for real work.

What's in the folder

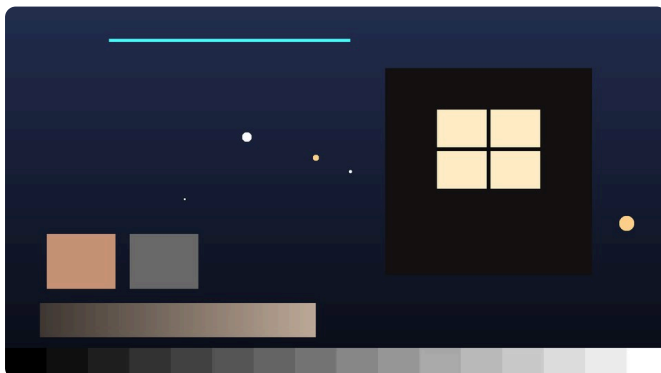
File	What it is
AVF_FilmLook_DEMO.ofx.bundle	The plugin itself. You copy it into DaVinci Resolve's plugins folder (section 1): there's no installer to run.
How to install 1 - Copy and paste.txt	Install by copying the plugin into its folder, with where that folder is.
How to install 2 - Terminal.txt	Install with one line pasted into Terminal.
AVF FilmLook – Install & User Guide.pdf	This guide.
License Agreement.txt	The terms of use.

You need

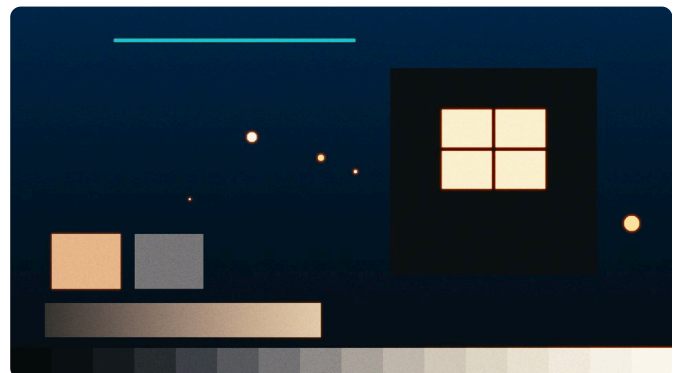
- A Mac with **macOS 11 Big Sur or later**, Apple Silicon (M1/M2/M3/M4) or Intel.
- **DaVinci Resolve 18 or later**, the free version or Studio.
- About 1 MB of disk space.

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Before



Kodak 2383 print, film grain and halation

1 Install

The plugin is the folder `AVF_FilmLook_DEMO.ofx.bundle` in the kit. You copy it into DaVinci Resolve's plugins folder: there's no installer. There are two ways, each with its own short document in the kit.

Where it goes: `/Library/OFX/Plugins`

Macintosh HD → Library → OFX → Plugins. This is the Library at the top of your Mac's disk, not the one inside your home folder.

Way 1 – copy and paste (How to install 1 - Copy and paste.txt)

- 1 **Quit DaVinci Resolve.**
- 2 Open the Plugins folder in a new window: in the Finder's menu bar, click **File** → **New Finder Window**, then **Go** → **Go to Folder...**, type `/Library/OFX/Plugins` and press **Return**.
- 3 In the kit's window, click **AVF_FilmLook_DEMO.ofx.bundle** and press `⌘ C`.
- 4 Click inside the Plugins window and press `⌘ V`. Click **Authenticate** and type your Mac password. (Updating? Click **Replace**.)

No OFX or Plugins folder? Go to `/Library`, make a new folder named **OFX**, and inside it a new folder named **Plugins**.

Way 2 – one line in Terminal (How to install 2 - Terminal.txt)

- 1 **Quit DaVinci Resolve**, and unzip the download in your **Downloads** folder or on your **Desktop**.
- 2 Open **Terminal** (**Applications** → **Utilities** → **Terminal**).
- 3 Copy the line in **How to install 2 - Terminal.txt**, paste it into Terminal and press **Return**.
- 4 Type your Mac password and press **Return** (nothing shows while you type). It says *"Installed"*. If the Mac asks to let Terminal use your Downloads or Desktop folder, click **Allow**.

To update, do the same with the new version: it replaces the old one, and your projects keep their settings.

The DEMO can be installed next to the full AVF FilmLook; they appear as two separate plugins in Resolve.

2 Find it in DaVinci Resolve

- 1 Open DaVinci Resolve and a project, and go to the **Color** page.
- 2 Open the **Effects** panel (top right of the window).
- 3 In **OpenFX**, find the group **AVP Tools** and the plugin **AVF FilmLook 5.2.6 DEMO** (type “FilmLook” in the panel’s search field to find it faster).
- 4 **Drag it onto a node** in the node graph. Put it on its own node at the **end** of your grade, after your colour correction (and after your CST or LUT, if you use one).
- 5 The controls appear in the **Settings** panel on the right. Each section (Print, Film Grain, Halation...) opens and closes with its title.

Set the Colour Space first

In the **Setup** section, set **Colour Space** to what comes *into* the node:

Your project	Colour Space
Normal Rec.709 timeline (most projects)	Rec.709 (Gamma 2.4)
Colour-managed, DaVinci Wide Gamut	DaVinci Wide Gamut / Intermediate
Node placed before your camera LUT / CST	Your camera’s log (ARRI LogC3 / LogC4, Sony S-Log3, Panasonic V-Log, RED Log3G10, Blackmagic Film Gen 5, ACEScct)

AVF FilmLook gives the picture back in the same colour space, so the rest of your grade keeps working.

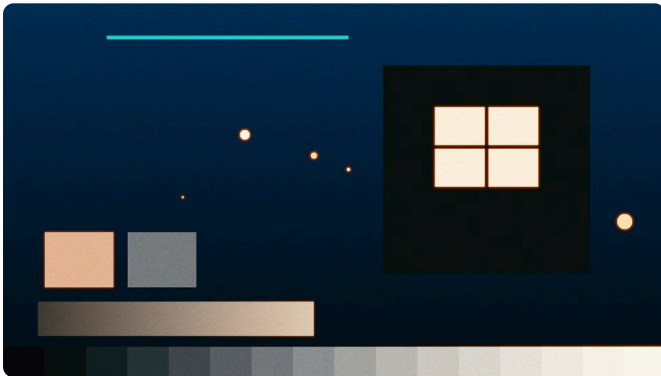
You can also use it on the **Edit** page (Effects → OpenFX) or the **Fusion** page, but the Color page gives you the most control.

Seed: different grain on every clip

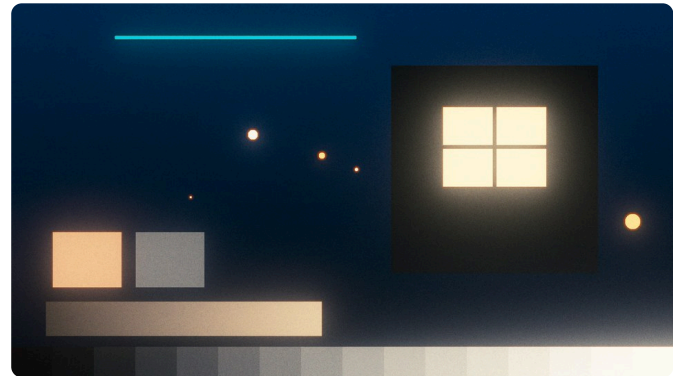
The **Seed** in the Setup section changes the random pattern of grain, dust and movement. Use a different seed on each clip, so two clips never show the same grain at the same moment.

3 Quick start: a film look in 5 steps

- 1 **Colour Space** (Setup): match your timeline, as on the previous page.
- 2 **Print** → **Print Stock**: choose a print film. **Kodak 2383** is the classic cinema print (rich colour, golden skin, warm highlights); **Kodak 2393** is 2383 with deeper blacks; **Fujifilm 3513** has teal shadows, pinker skin and cleaner highlights; **Kodak 5386** is softer, with lighter blacks. Adjust **Exposure** if the picture is now too dark or bright.
- 3 **Print Tone**: if the print crushed your shadows, raise **Shadows**; use **Midtones** to brighten or darken faces and mid-greys, **Highlights** to brighten or hold back skies and lamps; **Exposure** brightens without clipping the whites.
- 4 **Film Grain** and **Halation** are on by default (35 mm). Pick a **Profile** for the film format you want (8 mm is strong and coarse, 65 mm is very fine) and set **Amount**.
- 5 Add **Bloom**, **Vignette**, **Film Breath** or **Gate Weave** to taste. Turn on **Monitor** → **False Color** and **Show Skin** for a moment to check the exposure of faces, then turn them off.



Fujifilm 3513 print



Kodak 2393 print with Bloom: Mist Filter Strong

See what an effect does: Halation, Bloom and Vignette have **Show Mask**, which shows only that effect. Turn it off again before you render.

4 The sections, one by one

Every section has an **Enabled** switch. A switched-off section costs nothing.

Section	What it does · main controls
Print	Prints the picture onto print film: its tones and colours. Print Stock : Linear (no print), Cineon Film Log (a flat log scan), the print films Kodak 2383 , Fujifilm 3513 , Kodak 2393 and Kodak 5386 (each made from its maker's published data). Print White warms (–) or cools (+) the printer lights. Exposure in stops, Contrast , Colour Density (deeper or thinner colours), Saturation , Range Limiter (keeps blacks and whites inside what a print can show).
Print Tone	After the print, to bring back what it darkens or crushes. Exposure (raising it keeps white at white), Midtones , Shadows , Highlights . Black and white stay where the print put them.
Film Grain	Profile : 8 / 16 / 35 / 65 mm at ISO 50, 250 or 500, or Custom. Amount . Grain keeps its size relative to the frame, so it looks the same in HD and 4K.
Halation	The red-orange glow around bright lights, from light reflecting off the film base. Profile per gauge; “No Backing” is film without its anti-halation layer (a stronger glow). Amount , Show Mask .
Bloom	A soft glow from bright details. Profile : 8 / 16 / 35 / 65 mm, or Mist Filter Light / Strong (a soft glow over the whole picture, like a diffusion filter on the lens). Amount , Show Mask .
Film Damage	Dust, hairs and scratches. Profile per gauge, Total Amount , Random Amount (more on some frames, clean frames in between).
Film Breath	The small frame-to-frame flicker of exposure, contrast and colour of real film. Profile , Strength .
Gate Weave	The picture moving slightly in the camera gate. Profile , Strength .
Overscan	Shows the film around the frame: the gate, perforations and the neighbouring frames. Gate Type (Super 8 to 65 mm Anamorphic), Gate Shape , Perforations (Dark, Light, Off), Film Orientation , Exposure (light around the perforations), Scale , Picture Size , Offset X / Y , Gate Softness , Steady Gate , Flip .
Vignette	Darker (or brighter) edges. Exposure in stops, Size , Feather , Aspect Ratio , Center , Show Mask .
Monitor	Exposure checks: False Color , Show Skin , Clipping (see section 6). Turn them off before rendering.

5 Custom profiles

Every texture section (Film Grain, Halation, Bloom, Film Damage, Film Breath, Gate Weave) has a **Custom** profile at the bottom of its Profile list. Choose it, and the rest of the section's controls appear, starting from the profile you had before. With any other profile they're hidden (or greyed out), and the profile's own settings are used.

Section	Custom controls
Film Grain	Size , Resolution (lower softens the picture, like real film), Shadows / Midtones / Highlights (grain in each part of the picture), Chroma (colour of the grain), Film Type (Negative: about twice as strong; Positive), Mode (Film, or Digital: finer, noise-like).
Halation	Base (the profile you start from), Threshold (how bright a light must be to glow), Radius , Spread (the wide, faint glow), Strength , Hue (deeper red ↔ more orange), Blue Comp.
Bloom	Base , Threshold , Radius , Detail (larger: bigger bright areas glow too), Save Lights (keeps the glow off the lights themselves), Saturation , Strength .
Film Damage	Base , Dust , Dust Size , Hairs , Hair Length , Scratches , Scratch Length , Opacity .
Film Breath	Base , Exposure , Contrast and Colour flicker, Speed .
Gate Weave	Base , Horizontal , Vertical , Rotation , Speed , Auto Zoom (enlarges the picture just enough to hide the moving edges).

Percent controls are relative to the Base: **100%** is the base profile's own amount, 200% is twice as much. Controls from -100 to +100 start at **0** (no change).

Tip: choose the profile closest to what you want first (for example 16 mm), then switch to Custom and adjust from there.

6 Monitor: False Color, Show Skin, Clipping

False Color

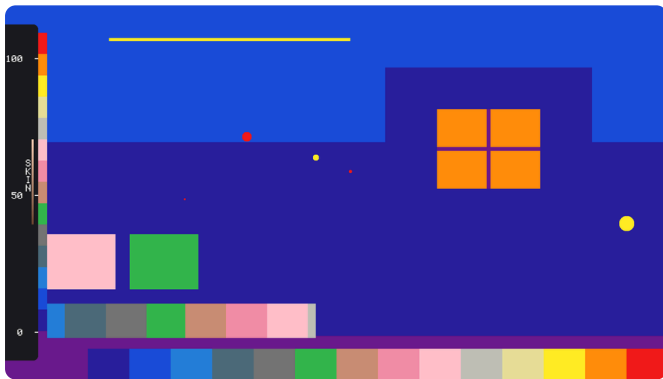
Shows the brightness of every part of the picture as a colour, with a legend on the left (0, 50 and 100 IRE):

- **Purple:** crushed blacks. **Blues:** shadows.
- **Green:** 18% grey, the middle of the exposure.
- **Tan, pink, light pink:** where skin sits when it's well exposed — deep skin lower, fair skin higher. The legend marks this range with a skin-coloured strip labelled **SKIN**.
- **Yellow, orange:** bright highlights. **Red:** clipping white.

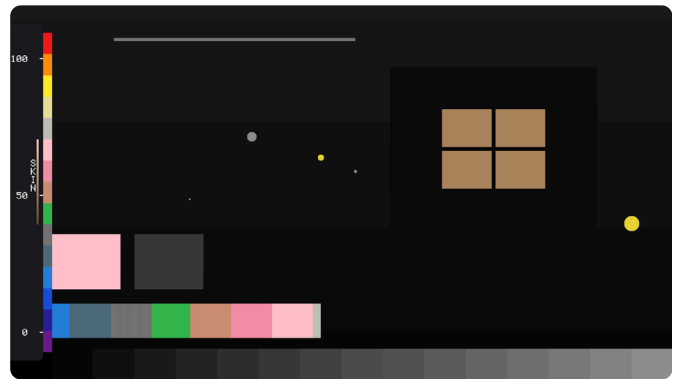


Show Skin

Finds skin by its colour and turns everything else grey. On its own, the skin stays in its natural colours; together with **False Color**, the skin keeps its zone colours, so you see exactly where the faces are and how they're exposed. Other warm, skin-like colours (wood, sand, warm lights) can show too.



False Color



False Color with Show Skin: only the skin-like colours keep their zones

Clipping

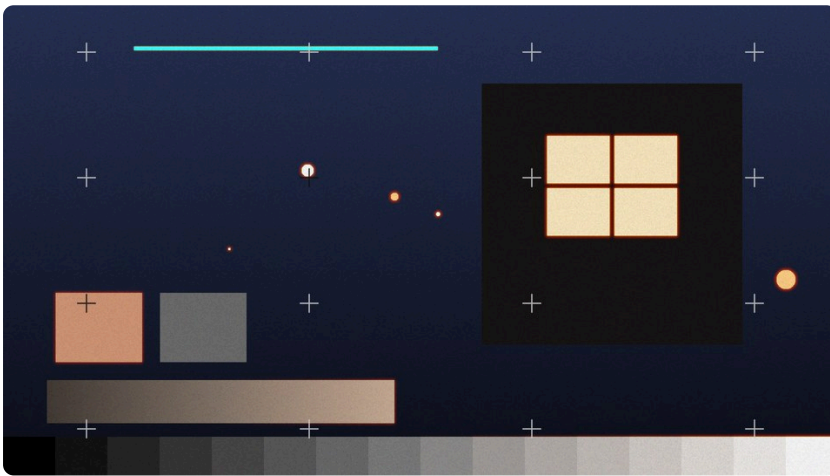
Red where the output clips at white, blue where it crushes to black.

The Monitor views are for checking only. **Turn them off before you render;** they cost nothing when off.

7 Tips for smooth playback

- AVF FilmLook runs on your Mac's GPU. On an M1 Pro a 1080p frame takes about **2.5 ms** with grain and halation, and about **4 ms** with everything on (4K: about 8 and 14 ms).
- Turn off the sections you don't use: a switched-off section costs nothing.
- Set your timeline's frame rate to your footage's (for example 24 or 25 fps): a 120 fps timeline has to render 5 times as many frames.
- For real-time playback of a heavy grade, use Resolve's **Render Cache** (Playback → Render Cache → Smart or User).

8 The DEMO and the full version



The DEMO's watermark: a grid of small plus signs, dark on bright areas and light on dark ones

The DEMO works exactly like the full version, with the watermark on every frame (in the viewer and in renders). The full version has no watermark; it's activated once per Mac with the license key from your purchase (the **License** button at the top of its controls), and one license works on two Macs.

9 Uninstall

Quit DaVinci Resolve, then delete `AVF_FilmLook_DEMO.ofx.bundle` from `/Library/OFX/Plugins`: in the Finder, **Go** → **Go to Folder...**, then move it to the Bin. Or paste the last line of **How to install 2 - Terminal.txt** into Terminal.

10 Troubleshooting

Problem	What to do
Terminal says it can't find the plugin	Unzip the download in your Downloads folder or on your Desktop first, then paste the line again – or install it by copy and paste (section 1, Way 1).
AVF FilmLook isn't in OpenFX	Quit and reopen DaVinci Resolve (it only looks for new plugins when it starts). Check that <code>AVF_FilmLook_DEMO.ofx.bundle</code> is in <code>/Library/OpenFX/Plugins</code> , not inside another folder there. Type "FilmLook" in the Effects search field.
The colours look wrong or too contrasty	Check Colour Space in Setup: it must match what comes into the node (Rec.709 for a normal timeline).
The picture is too dark after Print	Raise Print → Exposure , or Print Tone → Shadows / Midtones .
The image is grey or in odd colours	A Monitor view or Show Mask is on. Turn off Monitor → False Color / Show Skin / Clipping and each section's Show Mask.
Playback is slow	See section 7. Make sure Resolve uses the GPU (Preferences → System → Memory and GPU → GPU Processing Mode: Metal).
The same grain on two clips	Give each clip a different Seed (Setup).

Feedback

Thank you for testing! Please send what you liked, what didn't work and screenshots of any problem to [@av_filmmakerr](https://www.instagram.com/av_filmmakerr) on Instagram. Mention your Mac model, macOS version and DaVinci Resolve version.

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